से इस्तीफा दे दिया है और रामजस कालेज में जो रैगिंग चल रही है उसके विरोध में उन्होंने वाईसचांसलर को कंप्लेंट की थी लेकिन कोई एक्शन न होने की वजह से उन्होंने इस्तीफा दे दिया है। मैं सरकार से मांग करता हूं कि इसका कोई कानून बनना चाहिए वरना यह हालत लड़कियों की उस कालेज में हो रही है। इस वजह से मैं होम मिनिस्टर से मांग करता हूं कि ... (**व्यवधान**)

उपसभापति : आप लिखकर भेज दीजिए। I will look into it.

RE. SUDDEN CLOSURE OF SEWING CENTRES BY MADHYA PRADESH GOVERNMENT

SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Madam, you have allowed me.

मैडम, भोपाल में गैस पीड़ितों के लिए जो स्यूइंग सेंटर्स प्रारंभ किए गए थे अचानक मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने 25 जुलाई से उनको बंद कर दिया है। महोदया, इससे जीवन-यापन करने वाले लगभग 3 हजार परिवार प्रभावित हुए हैं ... (**व्यवधान**) महोदया, भोपाल में जो गैस पीड़ितों के लिए 65 स्यूइंग सेंटर्स प्रारम्भ किए गए थे, उनको बन्द कर दिया गया है ... (**व्यवधान**) महोदया, यह सब कदम सब्सिडी बंद होने की वजह से उठाया गया है। इससे लगभग तीन हजार गैस पीड़ित परिवार प्रभावित हुए हैं जो इनसे जीवनयापन कर रहे थे। इससे उनकी जीविका का जो साधन उन्हें था, उससे उन्हें मुक्त होना पड़ रहा है। महोदया, मैं चाहूंगा कि केन्द्रीय सरकार, राज्य सरकार को निर्देश दे कि जो स्यूइंग सेंटर्स भोपाल में गैस पीड़ितों के लिए प्रारंभ किए गए थे, उनको जारी रखा जाए ... (**व्यवधान**)

उपसभापति : एक मिनट प्लीज ... (**व्यवधान**) Just a minute.

डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन : मैडम, यह निराधार बात है ... (**व्यवधान**)

उपसभापति : डा० साहब, आप जरा बैठिए ना प्लीज। In today's list of business on page 83, item no. 3 pertains to the Bhopal Gas Leak Disaster). When the Bhopal Gas Leak Disaster (Processing of Claims) Amendment Bill, 1992 comes up for discussion before the House, I would like you to raise whatever points you want to say.

Now let me come to Shri Kamal Nathji.

श्री सुरेश पचौरी : मार्च के बाद से इंटरिम रिलीफ भोपाल के गैस पीड़ितों को बंद हो जाएगी। यदि ये सेंटर बंद हो गए तो उन लोगों को परेशानियों का सामना करना पड़ेगा। यह बिल पास होने के बाद जब क्रियान्वयन में आएगा तो बहुत टाइम लगेगा। इंटरिम रिलीफ बंद हो रही है, सेंटर्स भी बंद कर दिए गए ... (**व्यवधान**) यह गैस पीड़ितों पर जुल्म है।

उपसभापति : बिल में बोलिएगा ... (**व्यवधान**)।

डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन : कल भी इन सब सदस्यों ने बिल्कुल निराधार और असंगत बातें उठाई थीं ... (**व्यवधान**)

उपसभापति : आप भी बिल में बोलिएगा। मैंने रूलिंग दी है। वह भी बोलें, आप भी बोलें। आप बिल में जरूर बोलिएगा। मैं उनको भी यही आदेश दे रही हूं (**व्यवधान**)

RE: PERMISSION GRANTED BY ANDHARA PRADESH GOVERNMENT TO SET UP PRIVATE MEDICAL COLLEGES

DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY (Andhra Pradesh): Madam the day before yesterday the Government of Andhra Pradesh has given permission to open 12 private medical colleges and 8 private dental colleges in the State. During 45 years the previous Chief Ministers starting from Mr. Bezwada Gopala Reddy to Dr. Marri Channa Reddy... (*Interruptions*)...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: What are you raising?

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM (Andhra Pradesh) : The Medical Council of India which was created by the Parliament is involved here.

DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: During 45 years the previous Chief Ministers of Andhra Pradesh were able to give permission only to 10 medical calleges. Now all of a sudden the present Chief Minister has given permission to 12 medical colleges. Madam, the standards of medical education will go down. The policy of Medical Council of India and the policy of the Government of India are clearly stated here in this report. The policy has been not to encourage the setting up of new medical colleges in the country as the turn out every year from the existing medical colleges was considered sufficient to meet the requirement of the country. The same polilcy is being followed during the Eighth Five-Year Plan also. Madam, it ssi again stated that in accordance with the Indian Medical Council,...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: What are your reading?

SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY (Andhra Pradesh): Indian Medical Council Rules. (*Interruptions*).

DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: This is the annual report of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. Here, it is clearly stated ... (*Interruptions*)... that in accordance with the Indian Medical Council Amendment Bill as reported in.... (*Interruptions*).

उपसभापति : डबल चैन मत चलाइए। ... (व्यवधान) I cannot hear him.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: What is this? You do not allow anybody to speak, Mr. Jain.

DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: According to this, Madam, the prior permission of the Medical Council or the Government of India is required before the establishment of a medical college or increase of seats in medical colleges or starting of new or higher courses of study, etc. That is clearly stated. And, there is no infrastracture Madam, as a zoologist, you know that for setting up a medical college, a lot of medical infrastructure is required; buildings are required; anatomic theatre is required; specialists in anatomy are required. Madam, I can challenge, not even a single private medical college can get an anatomy speciain. In these circumstances, without the medical infrastructure, how can they start medical colleges? If this is allowed, the standard of medical education will come down. It is sad that these medical centres hace become political rehabilitation centres. They are using them as political... (*Interruptions*). They are using them as printing presses, currency printing presses. Madam, there are rumours that crores of rupees have changed hands. My request is,... (*Interruptions*).

उपसभापति : एक बार में एक बोलिए ... (व्यवधान)

Mr. Jain, he is also a doctor.

DR. NARREDDY THULASI REDDY: My request is that the Government of India and the Medical Council of India should review the entire matter and until that time, the Government of India should stop admissions to these medical colleges. If the Government of India and the Medical Council of India are satisfied, we will not interefere in this matter. Till that time, let admissions be stopped. And, it should be done immediatley.

SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: I associate myself with him. It is a matter of grave concern. (Interruptions).

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: It is a very serious matter. The Indian Medical Council.... (*Interruptions*). Are you speaking on this subject, Mr. Jain?

DR. JINENDRA KUMAR JAIN (Madhya Pradesh): Yes, I am speaking on this subject only.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Doctor Saheb, it is being repeated again. Why do you want a photo-copy of what he has already said?

DR. JINENDRA KUMAR JAIN: ...statutory body is created under the Constitution of India like the Medical Council of India and its Chairman, Dr. A.K.N. Sinha, I believe has met the hon. Healteh Minister and he has complained against it. Our own bodies created by the Constitution are becoming non-functional and meaningless. The executive powers vested in the Chief Minister are ruining the whole process of medical education in this country. (*Interruptions*). There is the capacity... (*Interruptions*).

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Now, please sit down Mr. Jain. Mr. Abrar Ahmed.

डा० अबरार अहमद (राजस्थान) : महोदया, राजस्थान में पर्यावरण बरबाद हो रहा है, सवाई माधोपुर में....

उपसभापति : मंत्री जी बैठे हैं वह जवाब देंगे... (**व्यवधान**)

Mr. Jaipal Reddy, you cannot match this. I will call you latter.

डा० अबरार अहमद : वहां पर टाइगर मारकर करोड़ों रुपया हड्डियों और खालों से कमाया गया। उसमें नीचे से ऊपर तक भ्रष्टाचार हो रहा है। उसकी जांच करनी चाहिए थी और दोषी लोगों को पकड़ा जाना चाहिए था। इसमें 28 टाइगर मारे गए। मैं....

उपसभापति : यहां पर दोनों मंत्री बैठे हैं, जवाब दें... (**व्यवधान**)

डा० अबरार अहमद : महोदया, इसकी जांच सी.बी.आई. से होनी चाहिए। गृह मंत्री जी यहां पर हैं, पर्यावरण मंत्री जी यहां पर हैं। इसके लिए करोड़ों रुपया खर्च कर रहे हैं। हिन्दुस्तान के अंदर इस तरह से पर्यावरण और फारेस्ट टाइगर्स का सफाया किया जा रहा है। मेरा माननीय वन मंत्री जी से आग्रह है, गृह मंत्री जी से अनुरोध है कि इसकी सी.बी.आई.से जांच की जानी चाहिए।

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY (Andhra Pradesh): I have been permitted. Will you kindly yield in my favour. (*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: No, I am not permitting anybody.

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: Madam, you were kind enough to permit me. (*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I can hear Dr. Abrar Ahmed very well, so can you and so can the Minister. Please take your seat. Mr. Minister, I have called Mr. S. Jaipal Reddy. You can speak after two minutes.

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: Madam, I rise to support Dr. Thulasi Reddy, who drew attention... (*Interruptions*)... What is this?

SHRI MENTAY PADMANBHAM: Madam, the permission of the Andhra Pradesh Government to set up private medical colleges is a separate matter. (*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Let him speak. You don't have respect for your leader. Have some respect. (*Interruptions*).

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: I have been permitted, Mr. Abrar Ahmed. You don't show the courtesy. Madam has permitted me. You don't show the courtesy to me. Are we to shout in this House to speak? (*Interruptions*) Thank you, Madam, for the opportunity. I would like to support Dr. Thulasi Reddy, who drew the attention of the House to an academic outrage and a medical outrage that is being perpetrated in Andhra Pradesh. On a single day, permission for 12 medical colleges and 8 dental colleges has been accorded. It is unparalleled in the annals of free India and this is in platant contravention of the provisions of the Medical Council of India. Will the Medical Council of India wake up and act upon this?

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Ahluwalia Ji, will you support him or will you oppose him?

श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलुवालिया : (बिहार) : महोदया, डा० तुलसी रेड्डी जी ने जो सवाल उठाया है और जहां तक यह

[श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया]

सवाल है कि इंडियन मेडिकल कौंसिल से उनको रिकागनिशन मिली है या नहीं मिली है, डा0 ए0के0 सिन्हा जो इंडियन मेडिकल कौंसिल के चेयरमैन हैं, बिहार के हैं, पटना में हमारे पड़ौसी हैं (व्यवधान)

श्रीमती रेणुका चौधरी : क्या रिकमेन्डेशन कर रहे हैं ।

श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया : मेरे कहने का मतलब यह है कि ऐसे सवालों को उठाने से पहले सबसे बड़ी जरूरत यह है कि इंडियन मेडिकल कौंसिल के नार्म्स बने हुए हैं । हमारी कन्ट्री में आज की डेट में जो पेशेन्ट और डाक्टर का रेशियो है वह 1 और 2375 का है । अगर इसको देखा जाय तो हमें हिन्दुस्तान में डाक्टरों की जरूरत है । इंडियन मेडिकल कौंसिल की रिकमेन्डेशन के साथ में ऐसे प्राइवेट कालेज बनते हैं तो उनके नार्म्स में लिखा रहता है कि अगर आप प्राइवेट मेडिकल कालेज बनाते हैं तो आपको फस्ट फाइव ईयर में पांच सौ बेड्स का हास्पिटल बनाना पड़ेगा और उसके बाद एक हजार बेड्स का हास्पिटल बनाना पड़ेगा ये 12–14 जो भी मेडिकल कालेज आन्ध्र प्रदेश में लगे हैं, वहां पर अगर 12 हजार बेड्स के हास्पिटलस बनते हैं तो क्या उस इलाके की अवनति होगी या उन्नति होगी, यह मैं जानना चाहता हूं । इस तरह के सवाल उठाने से पहले पेशेन्ट और बेड का रेशियो भी देखा जाय और उसके बाद बात की जाय ।

SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY: Let there be a discussion. We demand a discussion. (*Interruptions*)

श्री सुरेन्द्रजीत सिंह अहलूवालिया : आन्ध्र प्रदेश में सांई बाबा का एक हजार बेड्स का हास्पिटल पहले से ही बना हुआ है . . . (व्यवधान)

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, this permission has been given in some areas where there is not even a ten-bedded hospital. (*Interruptions*)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I am not permitting anyone. Please sit down. I said, please sit down. I heard everyone. The complaint which Dr. Thulasi Reddy and other Members have made is that the Medical Council of India has not given the permission. The Government will enquire about it. If it has given the permission, the Government will enquire about it. It is fine. If it has not given the permission the Government will take note of it. (*Interruptions*) Let the Government do it. I am not allowing it. I am not permitting anything.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, let the Medical Council of India go and inspect the various places. (Interruptions)

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I am not permitting it.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANBHAM: If they are satisfied that the infrastructural facilities are available there...(Interruptions) The Medical Council of India has not been taken into confidence. (Interruptions) They are not consulting. They have not obtained...(*Interruptions*)...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I said. ...(*Interruptions*)... Sit down. It is a a very serious matter because it is not a question of just getting the doctors out of the hospital, but it is a question of people to help also afterwards. If the hon. Member feel that way, let the Government enquire into it. Why should there be any discontent about the matter? The Government is there in he Centre to find it out, the Medical Council is there, but I don't know why the Members take upon themselves...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: I request ...(*Interruptions*)...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: It is over. Now it is over ...(*Interruptions*) ...That matter is over. Don't pull it too much...(*Interruptions*) ... I said, the matter is over...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, I want a statement on this tomorrow.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: No statement. Now you sit down.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, this is a very serious matter... *(Interruptions)*...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: कमलनाथ जी बोलिए । That is over now. The matter is over. ..*(Interruptions)*... Will you please take your seat? ...*(Interruptions)*.. Mr. Padmanabham, please take your seat.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, this is only my suggestion... *(Interruptions)*...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I said, please sit down. I will need a doctor for my throat...*(Interruptions)*... Please take your seat. Mr. Padmanabham, please take your seat.

(Interruptions)

Now I am not permitting anyone on this issue. That matter is closed. Nothing is going on record.

DR. JINENDRA KUMAR JAIN:*

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM:*

DR. ABRAR AHMED:*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN:* Dr. Jain, please sit down. I said, nothing is going on record.

मंत्री जी बोलिए । कमलनाथ जी बोलिये ।

SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAVRAO JADHAV:*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: I said, nothing is going on record. So don't strain your throat. Please sit down...*(Interruptions)*...It is not going on record and not reported in the press. What I say, it is not recorded in the House, it will not appear in the press. If it does, it is the contempt of the House. So, please don't strain your throat. Take your seat.

SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAVRAO JADHAV:*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: आप बैठ जाइये । समय नष्ट न करें । हाउस का समय नष्ट न करें । मंत्री जी को बोलने दीजिए । वे पर्यावरण पर बोल रहे हैं ।

SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR RAHMAN:*

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: अभी आप बैठिए । I am very sorry that something is wrong with you that you can't hear me. Please sit down. ... *(Interruptions)*... Take your seat. Take your seat. ...*(Interruptions)*... Take your seat. That is all.

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): Madam, before I make my statement, I want to react to what the hon. Member has said about Poaching in Ranthambore. He has asked for an inquiry by the CBI. This matter is a serious matter and instances of Poaching and come to light. There has been some investigation in this. There are charges being made that this investigation is not being carried out the way it should. I have myself constituted a task force. Some of the Members have expressed that this is not adequate and there is an effort of suppression. The hon. Member has asked for an inquiry by the CBI. I would like to inform you, Madam, that I have no objection to this. In fact, this may be the most appropriate thing. The Home Minister is here and I would request him, "Pass on this request to the Home Minister and to the State Government in the matter.", but I personally feel that this would be the most appropriate thing. ... *(Interruptions)*...

श्री प्रमोद महाजन : (महाराष्ट्र) सी.बी.आई.में काम बहुत बढ़ गया है, इसलिए और लोगों को भर्ती करना चाहिए ।

*Not recorded.

SHRI MENTAY PADMANABHAM: Madam, copies of the statement are not available.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Copies. They were waiting for the noise and the din to settle down before circulating the copies. Mr. Minister, you continue. They will get the copies.

SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: This is one of the longest statements in the history of....*(Interruptions)*...

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: But one thing I must say to the House today that we took almost 40 minutes on the various issues which are concerning the Members. The Minister will make the statement, but I want to take the sense of the House and I request the Members that we have a very important Bill, the Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Bill, 1992. The discussion is almost over. After he makes the statement, we can have this Bill and pass it and then in the evening we can have clarifications. *(Interruptions)*...5 o'clock *(Interruptions)*...Tomorrow evening.

SHRI YASHWANT SINHA (Bihar): I have a point to make. The rapidity with which the statements are made we are running into a backlog. We have already two statements which are slated for today.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: We can have it tomorrow evening. Let him make the statement today because the House was not running and he came many times but he could not speak.

आप बोलिए, चलिए, आपके लिए इनवायर्नमेंट ठीक हो गया है ।

AN HON. MEMBER: It is a longstatement.

SHRI MURASOLI MARAN (Tamil Nadu): Let him lay it on the Table of the House.

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Let him speak. He likes to speak.

पांच-दस मिनट में हो जाएगा ।

श्री प्रमोद महाजन : अगर इसे बार मलोना भेज दिया जाता तो कम से कम एक गोल्ड मेडल तो हम को मिल जाता ।

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Well, the Minister has done a good work. So, he should get an opportunity to speak about it.

STATEMENT BY MINISTER

United Nations Conference on Environment and Development

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): Madam, Twenty years ago the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment held at tockholm in June, 1972, focussed world attention on the environment. In 1989, the United Nations General Assembly decided to hold an international Conference on Environment and Development, thereby recognising the interdependnce between the two issues. The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) was finally held at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, from June 3 to 14, 1992. The Summit segment of the Conference, from June 12 to 14, was graced by the presence of our Prime Minister. The Hon'ble Minister of State for External Affairs, Shri Eduardo Faleiro, also participated during these days. I was present throughout the Conference. Our delegation included eight eminent experts in various fields related to environment, and officials from the concerned Ministries.

In preparing for the Rio Conference, consultations were held by us with scientists, experts and NGOs within the country; the UNEP (January, 1992), Japan (February, 1992) and the SAARC countries (April, 1992); and, also in the for a provided by the Conferences of Developing Countries held at New Delhi in April, 1990, at Beijing in June, 1991, and at Kuala Lumpur in April, 1992. Four meetings of the Preparatory Committee of the UNCED were also held between 1990 and 1992. I participated